TEST BANK



Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology 14th Edition Test Bank by John E. Hall, Michael E. Hall Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology 14th Edition Test Bank by John E. Hall, Michael E. Hall

Table of Contents

Unit I. Introduction to Physiology: The Cell and General Physiology

Chapter 1. Functional Organization of the Human Body and Control of the "Internal Environment"

Chapter 2. The Cell and Its Functions

Chapter 3. Genetic Control of Protein Synthesis, Cell Function, and Cell Reproduction

Unit II. Membrane Physiology, Nerve, and Muscle

Chapter 4. Transport of Substances Through Cell Membranes

Chapter 5. Membrane Potentials and Action Potentials

Chapter 6. Contraction of Skeletal Muscle

Chapter 7. Excitation of Skeletal Muscle: Neuromuscular Transmission and Excitation-Contraction Coupling

Chapter 8. Excitation and Contraction of Smooth Muscle

Unit III. The Heart

Chapter 9. Cardiac Muscle; The Heart as a Pump and Function of the Heart Valves

Chapter 10. Rhythmical Excitation of the Heart

Chapter 11. Fundamentals of Electrocardiography

Chapter 12. Electrocardiographic Interpretation of Cardiac Muscle and Coronary Blood Flow Abnormalities: Vectorial Analysis

Chapter 13. Cardiac Arrhythmias and Their Electrocardiographic Interpretation

Unit IV. The Circulation

Chapter 14. Overview of the Circulation: Pressure, Flow, and Resistance

Chapter 15. Vascular Distensibility and Functions of the Arterial and Venous Systems

Chapter 16. The Microcirculation and Lymphatic System: Capillary Fluid Exchange, Interstitial Fluid, and Lymph Flow

Chapter 17. Local and Humoral Control of Tissue Blood Flow

Chapter 18. Nervous Regulation of the Circulation and Rapid Control of Arterial Pressure

Chapter 19. Role of the Kidneys in Long-Term Control of Arterial Pressure and in Hypertension: The Integrated System for Arterial Pressure Regulation

Chapter 20. Cardiac Output, Venous Return, and Their Regulation

Chapter 21. Muscle Blood Flow and Cardiac Output During Exercise; the Coronary Circulation and Ischemic Heart Disease

Chapter 22. Cardiac Failure

Chapter 23. Heart Valves and Heart Sounds; Valvular and Congenital Heart Defects

Chapter 24. Circulatory Shock and Its Treatment

Unit V. The Body Fluids and Kidneys

Chapter 25. Regulation of Body Fluid Compartments: Extracellular and Intracellular Fluids; Edema

Chapter 26. The Urinary System: Functional Anatomy and Urine Formation by the Kidneys

Chapter 27. Glomerular Filtration, Renal Blood Flow, and Their Control

Chapter 28. Renal Tubular Reabsorption and Secretion

Chapter 29. Urine Concentration and Dilution; Regulation of Extracellular Fluid Osmolarity and Sodium Concentration

Chapter 30. Renal Regulation of Potassium, Calcium, Phosphate, and Magnesium; Integration of Renal Mechanisms for Control of Blood Volume and Extracellular Fluid Volume

Chapter 31. Acid–Base Regulation

Chapter 32. Diuretics and Kidney Diseases

Unit VI. Blood Cells, Immunity, and Blood Coagulation

Chapter 33. Red Blood Cells, Anemia, and Polycythemia

Chapter 34. Resistance of the Body to Infection: I. Leukocytes, Granulocytes, the Monocyte-Macrophage System, and Inflammation

Chapter 35. Resistance of the Body to Infection: II. Immunity and Allergy

Chapter 36. Blood Types; Transfusion; and Tissue and Organ Transplantation

Chapter 37. Hemostasis and Blood Coagulation

Unit VII. Respiration

Chapter 38. Pulmonary Ventilation

Chapter 39. Pulmonary Circulation, Pulmonary Edema, and Pleural Fluid

Chapter 40. Principles of Gas Exchange; Diffusion of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Through the Respiratory Membrane

Chapter 41. Transport of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide in Blood and Tissue Fluids

Chapter 42. Regulation of Respiration

Chapter 43. Respiratory Insufficiency—Pathophysiology, Diagnosis, Oxygen Therapy

Unit VIII. Aviation, Space, and Deep-Sea Diving Physiology

Chapter 44. Aviation, High Altitude, and Space Physiology

Chapter 45. Physiology of Deep-Sea Diving and Other Hyperbaric Conditions

Unit IX. The Nervous System: A. General Principles and Sensory Physiology

Chapter 46. Organization of the Nervous System, Basic Functions of Synapses, and Neurotransmitters

Chapter 47. Sensory Receptors, Neuronal Circuits for Processing Information

Chapter 48. Somatic Sensations: I. General Organization, Tactile and Position Senses

Chapter 49. Somatic Sensations: II. Pain, Headache, and Thermal Sensations

Unit X. The Nervous System: B. The Special Senses

Chapter 50. The Eye: I. Optics of Vision

Chapter 51. The Eye: II. Receptor and Neural Function of the Retina

Chapter 52. The Eye: III. Central Neurophysiology of Vision

Chapter 53. The Sense of Hearing

Chapter 54. The Chemical Senses—Taste and Smell

Unit XI. The Nervous System: C. Motor and Integrative Neurophysiology

Chapter 55. Spinal Cord Motor Functions; the Cord Reflexes

Chapter 56. Cortical and Brain Stem Control of Motor Function

Chapter 57. Cerebellum and Basal Ganglia Contributions to Overall Motor Control

Chapter 58. Cerebral Cortex, Intellectual Functions of the Brain, Learning, and Memory

Chapter 59. The Limbic System and the Hypothalamus—Behavioral and Motivational Mechanisms of the Brain

Chapter 60. States of Brain Activity-Sleep, Brain Waves, Epilepsy, Psychoses, and Dementia

Chapter 61. The Autonomic Nervous System and the Adrenal Medulla

Chapter 62. Cerebral Blood Flow, Cerebrospinal Fluid, and Brain Metabolism

Unit XII. Gastrointestinal Physiology

Chapter 63. General Principles of Gastrointestinal Function—Motility, Nervous Control, and Blood Circulation

Chapter 64. Propulsion and Mixing of Food in the Alimentary Tract

Chapter 65. Secretory Functions of the Alimentary Tract

Chapter 66. Digestion and Absorption in the Gastrointestinal Tract

Chapter 67. Physiology of Gastrointestinal Disorders

Unit XIII. Metabolism and Temperature Regulation

Chapter 68. Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Formation of Adenosine Triphosphate

Chapter 69. Lipid Metabolism

Chapter 70. Protein Metabolism

Chapter 71. The Liver

Chapter 72. Dietary Balances; Regulation of Feeding; Obesity and Starvation; Vitamins and Minerals

Chapter 73. Energetics and Metabolic Rate

Chapter 74. Body Temperature Regulation and Fever

Unit XIV. Endocrinology and Reproduction

Chapter 75. Introduction to Endocrinology

Chapter 76. Pituitary Hormones and Their Control by the Hypothalamus

Chapter 77. Thyroid Metabolic Hormones

Chapter 78. Adrenocortical Hormones

Chapter 79. Insulin, Glucagon, and Diabetes Mellitus

Chapter 80. Parathyroid Hormone, Calcitonin, Calcium and Phosphate Metabolism, Vitamin D, Bone, and Teeth

Chapter 81. Reproductive and Hormonal Functions of the Male (and Function of the Pineal Gland)

Chapter 82. Female Physiology Before Pregnancy and Female Hormones

Chapter 83. Pregnancy and Lactation

Chapter 84. Fetal and Neonatal Physiology

Unit XV. Sports Physiology

Chapter 85. Sports Physiology

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Chapter 1. Functional Organization of the Human Body and Control of the "Internal Environment"

Test Bank

- 1. The most abundant type of cell in the human body is which of the following?
 - A. Neuron
 - B. Epithelial cell
 - C. Red blood cell
 - D. White blood cell
 - E. Vascular smooth muscle cell
 - F. Skeletal muscle cell

ANS: C

- 2. The most abundant substance in the human body and the approximate percentage of that substance in the body is which of the following?
 - A. Protein, 30%
 - B. Protein, 60%
 - C. Water, 30%
 - D. Water, 60%
 - E. Carbohydrate, 30%
 - F. Carbohydrate, 60%

ANS: D

- 3. A large volume of blood is transfused to a person whose baroreceptor blood pressure control system is not functioning and arterial blood pressure rises from the normal level of 100 to 160 mm Hg. If the same volume of blood is infused into the same person when the baroreceptor system is functioning and this time the arterial pressure increases from the normal level from 100 mm Hg up to 120 mm Hg, calculate the gain of the baroreceptor system in this person.
 - A. -3
 - B. -2
 - C. -1
 - D. 0

E. +1

- F. +2
- G. +3

ANS: B

- 4. Which of the following substances has the highest extracellular fluid to intracellular fluid concentration ratio for most mammalian cells?
 - A. Sodium ions
 - B. Potassium ions
 - C. Carbon dioxide
 - D. Glucose
 - E. Protein

ANS: A

- 5. Exchange of substances between the cardiovascular system and the interstitial fluid occurs mainly in which of the following?
 - A. Arteries
 - B. Arterioles
 - C. Capillaries
 - D. Venules
 - E. Veins

ANS: C

- 6. Which of the following is the approximate distance from the capillaries to most cellsof the body?
 - A. Less than 50 angstroms
 - B. Less than 50 microns
 - C. Less than 50 millimeters
 - D. Less than 100 angstroms
 - E. Less than 100 microns
 - F. Less than 100 millimeters

ANS: A

- 7. When a person is at rest, how much time is required for the blood in the circulation to traverse the entire circulatory circuit?
 - A. 1 second
 - B. 1 minute
 - C. 3 minutes
 - D. 4 minutes
 - E. 5 minutes

ANS: B

- 8. ____feedback is often referred to as a "vicious cycle" because it leads to ______ instability and sometimes death.
 - A. Postitive, progressive
 - B. Positive, diminished
 - C. Negative, progressive
 - D. Negative, diminished
 - E. Adaptive, progressive

ANS: A

- 9. Which of the following is an example of positive feedback in the body?
 - A. Clotting of blood
 - B. Return of blood pressure toward normal after a hemorrhage
 - C. Increased respiration rate caused by accumulation of carbon dioxide in the blood
 - D. Decreased sympathetic nervous system activity that occurs in response to increased blood pressure

ANS: A

Chapter 2. The Cell and Its Functions

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Refer to the following list to answer questions 1-3:

- A. Nucleolus
- B. Nucleus
- C. Agranular endoplasmic reticulum
- D. Granular endoplasmic reticulum
- E. Golgi apparatus
- F. Endosomes
- G. Peroxisomes
- H. Lysosomes
- I. Cytosol

Identify the cellular location for each of the following steps involved in the synthesis and packaging of a secreted protein.

Initiation of translation.

ANS: I